

MEMS Capacitive Accelerometer

ASC OS-225MF-PG

Biaxial

MEMS Capacitive

Measurement Range: ± 2 to ± 200 g

Noise Density: 10 to 680 $\mu\text{g}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

Frequency Range ($\pm 5\%$): DC to 1500 Hz

Stainless-Steel Housing (IP68)

Made in Germany



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The key components in capacitive accelerometers are high-quality micro-electro-mechanical systems (MEMS) that feature excellent long-term stability and reliability. This technology enables the measurement of static (DC) and constant accelerations, which can be used to calculate the velocity and displacement of moving objects. Depending on the design of the spring-mass-damping system, however, it is also possible to detect dynamic (AC) accelerations with amplitudes up to ± 200 g and within a frequency response range of up to 1.5 kHz ($\pm 5\%$) or 7 kHz (± 3 dB). Other advantages of capacitive accelerometers are their outstanding temperature stability, excellent response behavior and achievable resolution.

Description

The accelerometers of type ASC OS-225MF-PG are based on proven MEMS technology and capacitive operating principle. The integrated electronic circuitry enables a differential analog voltage output (± 2.7 V FSO) and flexible power supply voltage from 5 to 40 VDC. The MF (Medium Frequency) accelerometers from ASC provide a wide frequency response range from 0 Hz to 7 kHz (± 3 dB) and an extremely robust design with shock resistance up to 6,000 g.

The sensors feature a robust, reliable stainless-steel housing with protection class IP68 and an integrated cable with configurable length and connectors.

The hermetically sealed housing of the accelerometers is ideal for very harsh environmental conditions, e.g. bogie stability tests and monitoring applications in rail transport or condition monitoring of vehicles and their components in the construction sector.

Features

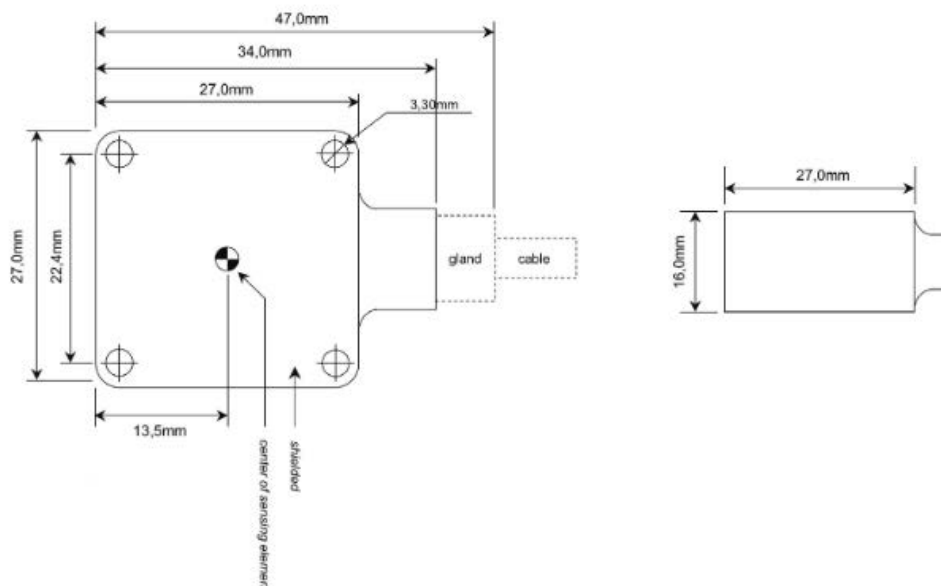
- Low Noise Differential Voltage Output
- DC Response, Gas damped
- Very High Shock Resistance
- Excellent Offset and Scale Factor Stability

Options

- Customized Cable Length
- Customized Connector
- TEDS Module
- V4A Stainless-Steel Housing

Applications

- Railway Engineering
- Condition Monitoring
- Structural Health Monitoring



Typical Specification

Dynamic

Measurement Range	g	±2	±5	±10	±30	±50	±100	±200
Scale Factor (sensitivity)	mV/g	1350	540	270	90	54	27	13.5
Noise Density	µg/√Hz	10	20	35	100	170	340	680
Min. Frequency Response Range (±5 %)	Hz	0 to 100	0 to 700	0 to 1000	0 to 1500	0 to 1500	0 to 1500	0 to 1500
Max. Frequency Response Range (±3 dB)	Hz	0 to 1150	0 to 1900	0 to 3200	0 to 4000	0 to 4500	0 to 5000	0 to 7000
Amplitude Non-Linearity	% FSO	<0.1 (typ) <0.3 (max)						
Transverse Sensitivity	%	<1						

Electrical

Power Supply Voltage	V	5 to 40						
Operating Current Consumption	mA	<10						
Offset (bias)	mV	±10						
Broadband Noise (over frequency range ±5 %)	µV	250	310	410	440	475	490	460
Resistive Load	kΩ	1000						
Isolation	Integrated electronic circuitry is isolated from the sensor housing Sensor housing and cable shielding are internally connected							

Environmental

Temperature Coefficient of the Scale Factor	ppm/K	120 (typ) 20 to 220 (max)						
Temperature Coefficient of the Offset (max)	mg/K	±0.2	±0.5	±1	±3	±5	±10	±20
Operating Temperature Range	°C	Standard Cable: -40 to +100 Optional with seawater resistant Cable K3: -15 to +70						
Storage Temperature Range	°C	-55 to +125						
Shock Limit (0.1 ms, half-sine)	g	6000						
Protection Class	IP68 (test conditions: hydrostatic head 3 m, duration 30 min, DUT powered) Please note: the housing is hermetically sealed and therefore not repairable.							

Physical

Sensing Element	MEMS Capacitive	
Case Material	Standard: Stainless-Steel V2A (material number 1.4301) Optional: Stainless-Steel V4A (seawater resistant, material number 1.4404)	
Connector at Cable End	Optional	
Mounting	Adhesive Screw Holes	
Weight (without cable)	gram	68
Cable (standard)	30 gram per meter AWG 30 Polyurethane (PUR) Diameter 4.5 mm	
Cable K3 (seawater resistant)	22 gram per meter AWG 30 Polyurethane (PUR) Diameter 3.75 mm waterproof, sea water resistance up to +60°C and 1 bar pressure	

Sensor Calibration

Factory Calibration (supplied with the sensor)

Part Number		#14549	#18473	#14551	#14554	#14555	#14555	#14555
Measurement Range (sensor)	g	±2	±5	±10	±30	±50	±100	±200
Applied Frequency (min)	Hz	1	10	10	10	10	10	10
Applied Frequency (max)	Hz	100	700	1400	1600	1800	1800	1800
Input Amplitude	m/s ²	5	15	50	100	200	200	200
Reference Frequency for Determination of Scale Factor	Hz	16	80	80	80	80	80	80

Calibration according DIN ISO 17025 (order separately)

Part Number		#14557	#18478	#14559	#14562	#14563	#14563	#14563
Measurement Range (sensor)	g	±2	±5	±10	±30	±50	±100	±200
Applied Frequency (min)	Hz	0.5	10	10	10	10	10	10
Applied Frequency (max)	Hz	150	1200	2000	2300	2500	2500	2500
Input Amplitude	m/s ²	5	15	50	100	200	200	200
Reference Frequency for Determination of Scale Factor	Hz	16	80	80	80	80	80	80

Remarks:

- The conversion factor 1 g corresponds to 9.80665 m/s².
- If any other calibration procedure is required, don't hesitate to contact us. Our services include both factory calibration and calibration in accordance with DAkkS guidelines.
- Furthermore, sensors have to be calibrated regularly to ensure accurate and precise results. On request we will be glad to remind you of the next scheduled calibration of your sensors.

Standard Cable Code / Pin Configuration (8 Wire System) including separate Power Supply for all Axes

The standard sensitive directions of the biaxial sensor ASC OS-225MF-PG are the X-axis and Y-axis. Upon request all other combinations of sensitive directions are possible (X and Z or Y and Z) while the color code of the corresponding sensitive directions is always the same.

	Pin	Color Code	Description
1	Supply +	Red/Violet	X-Axis: power supply voltage +5 to +40 VDC
2	Supply -	Black/Violet	X-Axis: power GND
3	Signal +	Green/Violet	X-Axis: positive, analog output voltage signal for differential mode
4	Signal -	White/Violet	X-Axis: negative, analog output voltage signal for differential mode
5	Supply +	Red/Grey	Y-Axis: power supply voltage +5 to +40 VDC
6	Supply -	Black/Grey	Y-Axis: power GND
7	Signal +	Green/Grey	Y-Axis: positive, analog output voltage signal for differential mode
8	Signal -	White/Grey	Y-Axis: negative, analog output voltage signal for differential mode
9	Supply +	Red	Z-Axis: power supply voltage +5 to +40 VDC
10	Supply -	Black	Z-Axis: power GND
11	Signal +	Green	Z-Axis: positive, analog output voltage signal for differential mode
12	Signal -	White	Z-Axis: negative, analog output voltage signal for differential mode

Cable shielding is provided as a tinned-copper braiding which is also internally connected to the sensor housing

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Standard Cable Code / Pin Configuration (6 Wire System) including common Power Supply for all Axes

Standard sensitive directions of the biaxial sensor ASC OS-225MF-PG are the X-axis and Y-axis. Upon request all other combinations of sensitive directions are possible (X|Z or Y|Z) while the color code of the corresponding sensitive directions is always the same.

Pin	Color Code	Description
1	Supply +	Red
2	Supply -	Black
3	Signal +	Green/Violet
4	Signal -	White/Violet
5	Signal +	Green/Grey
6	Signal -	White/Grey
7	Signal +	Green
8	Signal -	White

Cable shielding is provided as a tinned-copper braiding which is also internally connected to the sensor housing

Optional Cable Code / Pin Configuration (6 Wire System)

Standard sensitive directions of the biaxial sensor ASC OS-225MF-PG are the X-axis and Y-axis. Upon request all other combinations of sensitive directions are possible (X|Z or Y|Z) while the color code of the corresponding sensitive directions is always the same.

Pin	Color Code Cable Type K3	Description
1	Supply +	Red
2	Supply -	Brown
3	Signal +	White
4	Signal -	Grey
5	Signal +	Yellow
6	Signal -	Pink
7	Signal +	Green
8	Signal -	Blue

Cable shielding is provided as a tinned-copper braiding which is also internally connected to the sensor housing

Cable Configuration

6 Wire System - 6L

Common power supply for all axes, no cable switch



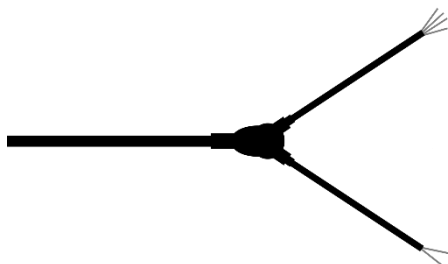
8 Wire System - 8L (standard cable only)

Separate power supply for all axes, no cable switch



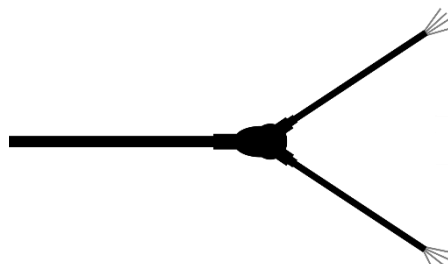
6 Wire System - 6L2

Common power supply for all axes, including cable switch



8 Wire System - 8L2 (standard cable only)

Separate power supply for all axes, including cable switch



Ordering Information

Series	Model	- Range [g]	- Cable Length [m]	Connector & Pinout	- Cable	- Cable Configuration
ASC OS	-225MF-PG	002	6	A	K3	6L
		005				6L2
		010				8L
		030				8L2
		050				
		100				
		200				

*Example:***ASC OS-225MF-PG-002-6A-6L**

Ordering information are based on standard configurations. All customized versions regarding connector and/or pinout will lead to a corresponding product match code:

- Standard length of the integrated cable is 6 meters. However, different customized cable lengths for all types of cables are possible on request.
- All versions have no connector at the cable end which is identified by "A" in the product match code. However, it is possible to assemble almost all connector types during production.
- Cable type identifier "K3" is not used within the ordering information when standard cable is requested.
- Applications where waterproof accelerometers are required, cable type K3 is suggested.
- Applications where seawater resistant accelerometers are required, cable type K3 is mandatory. In this case also the optional stainless-steel housing V4A (material number 1.4404) is recommended.
- The standard sensitive directions of the biaxial sensor ASC OS-225MF-PG are the X-axis and Y-axis. Upon request all other combinations of sensitive directions are possible (X and Z or Y and Z).
- Cable configurations "8L" and "8L2" are only available when the standard cable is used.

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Safety Precaution for Installing and Operating

This data sheet is a part of the product. Read the data sheet carefully before using the product and keep it available for future operation. Handling, electrical connections, mounting or any other work performed at the sensor must be carried out by authorized experts only. Appropriate safety precautions must be taken to exclude any risk of personal injury and damage to operating equipment as a result of a sensor malfunction.

Handling

The sensor is packaged in a reliable housing to protect the sensing elements and integrated electronic components from the ambient environment. However, poor handling of the product can lead to damages that may not be visible and cause electrical failure or reliability issues. Handle the component with caution:

- Avoid shocks and impacts on the housing, such as dropping the sensor on hard surface
- Never move the sensor by pulling the cable
- Make sure that the sensor is used within the specified environmental conditions
- Transport and store the sensor in its original or similar packaging
- The sensor should be mounted on a stable flat surface with all screws tightened or other mounting options
- When adhesives are used to mount the sensors, please select the corresponding products according to permanent or removable mounting, ambient temperature range as well as quality of the mounting surface
- Avoid any deformation during mounting the sensor
- Mounting tolerances may have an influence on the measured result

Electrical

ASC's inertial sensors are working with many established data acquisition systems. However, make sure that a proper DAQ is used, for the corresponding operation principle of the sensor. Furthermore, suitable precautions shall be employed during all phases of shipment, handling and operating:

- Active sensor pins are susceptible to damage due to electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Make sure that the sensor is used within the specified electrical conditions
- Check all electrical connections prior to initial setup of the sensor
- An incorrect wiring of the signal or power supply connections will lead to damages of the sensor
- Completely shield the sensor and connecting cable according to your application
- Do not perform any electrical modifications at the sensor
- Do not perform any adaptations on the wiring or connectors while the device under power
- Never plug or unplug the electrical connection while the sensor is under power
- When a certain pin is not used during operation, make sure that the pin is insulated

Quality

- We have a quality management system according to **ISO 9001:2015**.
- The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS) has awarded to our calibration laboratory the **DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018** accreditation for calibrations and has confirmed our competence to perform calibrations in the field of mechanical acceleration measurements. The registration number of the certificate is **D-K-18110-01-00**.
- The sensors described in the data sheet are **CE**-compliant.

Made in Germany



analyzing



monitoring



testing



measuring



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